Bridging the Gap between Human-Computer Interaction and Machine-Learning on Explainable AI: Initial Observations and Lessons Learned

Combler la distance entre l'interaction humain-machine et le machine learning sur l'IA explicable : premières observations et leçons apprises

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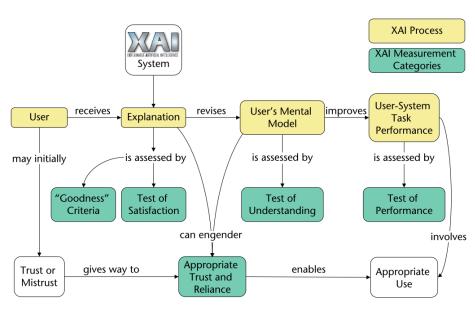






Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI)

- XAI regroups "movements, initiatives and efforts made in response to AI transparency and trust concerns" [Adadi2018]
- Its goal is to develop methods and tools "to explain or present in understandable terms to a human" the working of Al systems [Doshi-Velez2017]
- XAI research must involve multiple disciplines, especially Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) [Liao2021]



Explanation process from [Gunning2019]

IHM '22 - Workshop HCI and XAI

- What: organization of a workshop during IHM '22 conference
 - With about 30 participants from various domains of HCI and ML fields
- Why: to encourage exchanges of ideas and to foster collaborations between HCI and ML researchers
- How:
 - Presentations of research activities on XAI
 - World Café as a moment of meeting and discussion
- https://projects.info.unamur.be/ihmxai/index-en.html

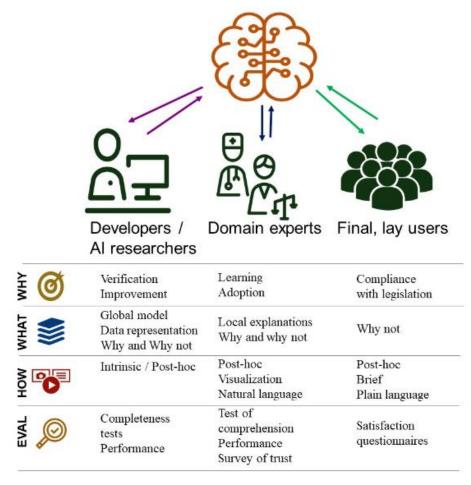






1. User Profiles

- Relevant and meaningful XAI requires an understanding of user needs and context [Liao2021]
- Main insights from the discussions
 - Definition of user profiles as a compromise between particular use cases and generalization potential
 - Need for user research and modeling methods
 - Beyond profile, the broader context must also be investigated
 - User perception and cognitive aspects are impactful

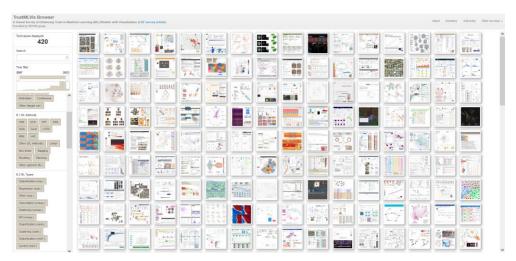


Framework proposed by [Ribera2019]

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2. Model-Representation-Presentation

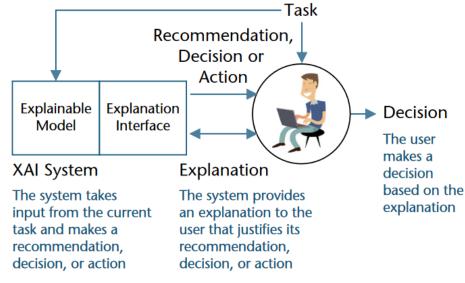
- It is important to distinguish these 3 stages in the interaction between the user and the model [Bibal2016]
- Main insights from the discussions
 - Representation and presentation depend on the addressed profile... But who chooses?
 - Multiple modalities: numerical, rules, textual, visual and mixed
 - Need to deal with the information loss between the stages
 - A unique design choice for the 3 stages is not mandatory



Screenshot of TrustMLVis Browser , https://trustmlvis.lnu.se/

3. Interaction & Actionability

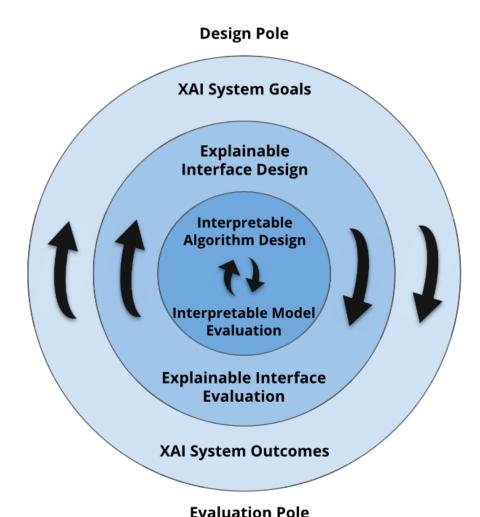
- It's important to put back the explainability in an interaction perspective [Gunning2019]
- Main insights from the discussions
 - Explanations must be actionable w.r.t. the user goal/task
 - Human-in-the-loop ML scenarios are particularly concerned by this
 - Understanding of user profile and context is still essential
 - Interactivity is a desirable feature for XAI systems



Explanation flow from [Gunning2019]

4. Evaluation

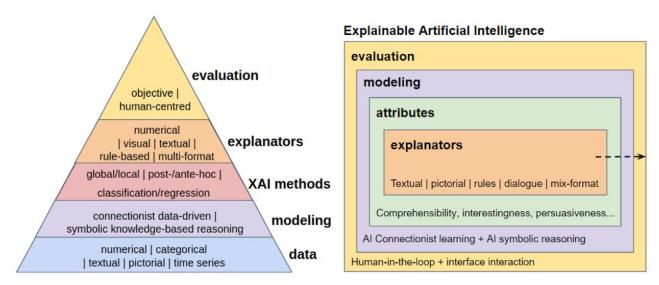
- Although mandatory, evaluating explanations involves conceptual and practical difficulties [Vilone2021]
- Main insights from the discussions
 - Importance of defining a hypothesis:
 - Contextual aspects -> Ensuing needs -> Relevant properties
 - Heuristic-based vs User-based
 - Objectivity vs subjectivity
 - Practical aspects
 - Richness and relevancy of the results
 - Need for mixed methods and robust guidelines



XAI design and evaluation framework from [Mohseni2021]

Conclusion

- Opportunities for collaboration between HCI and ML researchers are numerous!
 - To design methods and frameworks for user research and modeling
 - To better understand the model-representation-presentation path and its implications
 - To improve the user experience when interacting with XAI systems
 - To design robust evaluation methods and guidelines



Current structure of XAI research and ideal structure for [Vilone2021]

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

If you are interested in one of those topics, especially for recommender systems, don't hesitate to contact me! julien.albert@unamur.be



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